

## Exhibit A-2

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA  
ATLANTA DIVISION**

<b>J.G.,</b>	:	
	:	
<b>Plaintiff,</b>	:	
	:	<b>CIVIL ACTION FILE</b>
<b>vs.</b>	:	
	:	<b>NO. 1:20-cv-05233-SEG</b>
<b>NORTHBROOK INDUSTRIES, INC., D/B/A UNITED INN AND SUITES,</b>	:	
	:	
<b>Defendant.</b>	:	

**AFFIDAVIT OF OTO U. EKPO IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF J.G.'S  
MOTION FOR ATTORNEYS' FEES UNDER 18 U.S.C. § 1595**

My name is Oto U. Ekpo. I have personally appeared before an officer duly authorized to administer oaths, and after being duly sworn, testify as to the following:

**A. Professional Background and Expert Qualifications**

1. I am over the age of eighteen, I am competent to provide the testimony in this affidavit, and I have personal knowledge of the matters contained in this affidavit.

2. I am counsel for Plaintiff J.G., and I am a partner at Finch McCranie, LLP. Finch McCranie has been in operation for 60 years, and, as such, is one of the oldest plaintiff-side tort firms in the state of Georgia. The Firm's partners include Larry Thompson, Walter Jospin, Richard Hendrix, Michael Sullivan, Carl Lietz, and

David Bouchard.<sup>1</sup> The firm's website is available here:  
<https://www.finchmccranie.com/>

3. In 2006, I graduated from The University of Texas with a B.A. in Psychology and a minor in Sociology. In 2009, I graduated from Emory University School of Law. While in law school, I was a member of Emory's Moot Court Society and was awarded the Moffett Litigation Award for Outstanding Achievement in Trial Preparation and Litigation during the Kessler-Eidson Program for Trial Techniques program.

4. In November of 2009, I was sworn in as a member of the State Bar of Georgia. I have been practicing for over 15 years, and I focused on high-stakes, complex, and multi-defendant criminal trials for most of the period. For the first thirteen years of my career, I worked as a Senior Assistant District Attorney at the DeKalb County District Attorney's Office. During my tenure at the District Attorney's Office, I prosecuted sex trafficking cases, as well as complex crimes against children, domestic violence, and homicide cases in state court.

5. In June 2024, I began working at Finch McCranie. While at Finch McCranie, I have continued to focus my work on sex trafficking cases. I have also

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<sup>1</sup> The Firm's partners have served in leadership roles within the United States Department of Justice, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, the DeKalb District Attorney's Office, international law firms, and more. Senior United States District Judge Thomas W. Thrash is a former partner of the Firm.

handled various types of serious tort cases in federal and state courts.

6. I have devoted a significant chunk of my practice at Finch McCranie to screening, investigating, and litigating sex trafficking cases under the TVPRA in federal court.

7. I am licensed to practice law in Georgia. I am admitted to practice before the Northern District of Georgia.

8. I am a Board of Governor for the State Bar of Georgia, the governing body for over fifty thousand licensed attorneys in Georgia. I am a member of the Community Engagement Board for the Women's Resource Center, and I am also a member of the executive board for the Georgia Association of Black Women Attorneys. I am a graduate of Leadership DeKalb Class of 2025 and a past board member of Junior League DeKalb. Beginning in January 2026, I will be an adjunct faculty member teaching trial advocacy at Georgia State University of College of Law.

9. Because of my firm's focus on sex trafficking cases, I regularly review potential trafficking cases. I only take select cases that I believe have significant merit. I spend substantial time making the decision to take a case (or to decline). One of the most important services we provide to potential clients and the civil justice system is to vet cases carefully and to avoid litigation when justified.

10. Based on my qualifications, experience, and expertise, I consider

myself an expert, as defined by the Rules of Evidence, on the issue of reasonable attorney fees and other litigation expenses for representation of plaintiffs in a sex trafficking cases like this one.

**B. My Role in This Litigation**

11. I have personal knowledge of the work that I performed and that other attorneys and employees at my firm performed in this matter. I also have personal knowledge of the work performed by lawyers at Andersen, Tate, & Carr in this matter. I was involved in reviewing significant parts of Defendant's discovery responses, document productions, and key pleadings; I reviewed every significant brief filed on behalf of Plaintiff; I assisted with trial preparation and Plaintiff's trial presentation in the jury trial; I assisted with preparations for argument of pre-trial motions and jury charges; I handled juror selection at trial; and I handled direct or cross examination of many critical witnesses at trial and I delivered the opening statement.

**C. It is Usual and Customary for Law Firms that Represent Plaintiffs on a Contingency Fee Basis not to Contemporaneously Record Time and to Reconstruct Time (if needed after a verdict)**

12. Finch McCranie has represented tort victims in Georgia for 60 years; thousands of clients in total. Virtually all (if not all) of those clients have been represented on a contingency basis, including trafficking survivors and civil rights plaintiffs. Virtually none of the Firm's tort clients over its 60-year history could have

afforded to hire the firm on an hourly basis.

13. In the several trafficking cases that I have litigated or screened as part of the intake process at Finch McCranie, all of my work has been on a contingency basis. I have never met a sex trafficking client or potential client who would be able to afford to hire a lawyer on an hourly basis. In other words, no sex trafficking survivor I have ever met would be able to seek justice through the civil courts unless the attorneys took the case on a contingency basis.

14. Based on my education, training, and experience, in any case Finch McCranie brings under a fee-shifting statute, like the TVPRA, if the plaintiff prevailed at trial, I would reconstruct my time in the manner I have done so herein and as permitted under Eleventh Circuit caselaw.

15. Based on my education, training and experience, it is rare and almost unheard of for attorneys representing plaintiffs on a contingency basis to contemporaneously record their time. There are a few reasons for this. First, as discussed above, the client is not paying the attorney on an hourly basis. Second, such records are potentially relevant in extremely rare scenarios. In my work on trafficking cases, and in complex federal litigation, I have never had to prepare a fee petition. In the ordinary course, it would be a waste of time and resources for an attorney representing survivors on contingency to record their time; the attorney's time could be better spent on productive legal work for the survivors they are

representing. Third, Georgia law and Eleventh Circuit caselaw do not require contemporaneous time records to support fee petitions.<sup>2</sup>

**D. The Time Reflected in Finch McCranie Attorney's Fees Chart was Reconstructed Using a Reasonable and Conservative Approach**

16. I assisted with the preparation of the Attorney's Fees chart submitted by Finch McCranie, and it is a fair and accurate rendering of the time devoted by Finch McCranie lawyers and paralegals to litigating this action. It was prepared using a reasonable and conservative methodology, and it only reflects compensable activities under Eleventh Circuit caselaw.

17. I calculated my hours in the Attorney's Fees chart after reviewing expense records, emails, pleadings, discovery materials, case files, and calendar entries, among other materials. I relied on the foregoing materials to refresh my recollection and to prepare a reasonable and conservative estimate of my time in this matter.

18. The hours listed in the Attorney's Fees chart submitted by Finch McCranie are reasonable, conservative, and underinclusive for several reasons. First, the only hours recorded in the Finch McCranie fees chart at any point in time

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<sup>2</sup> See, e.g., *Taylor v. Devereux Found., Inc.*, 316 Ga. 44, 94, 885 S.E.2d 671, 708 (2023) (Georgia law does not require contemporaneous time records); see also *Johnson v. Univ. Coll. of Univ. of Alabama in Birmingham*, 706 F.2d 1205, 1207 (11th Cir. 1983), holding modified by *Gaines v. Dougherty Cnty. Bd. of Educ.*, 775 F.2d 1565 (11th Cir. 1985) (federal law does not require contemporaneous time records).

are for Finch McCranie lawyers who appeared at trial (me and David Bouchard). The Firm's fee chart does not include any time from other Firm partners who were intimately involved in numerous conversations relating to discovery strategy, settlement strategy, declaratory judgment strategy, and trial strategy over the course of the litigation. *Second*, the fees chart does not include extensive time spent by a former Finch McCranie associate (who was a federal law clerk), because that clerk is now employed by a new firm and did not record their time before departing. *Third*, the fees chart only uses a .1 multiplier for emails, even though there is extensive email correspondence in the case for which .1 is dramatically underinclusive. *Fourth*, the fees chart does not include time devoted to trial-prep work (including focus group exercises, witness prep sessions, deposition review, document review, etc.) that was duplicated following the re-scheduling of the trial from April 2025 to July 2025. *Fifth*, the fees chart does not include time spent by summer law clerks.

19. When I compiled my hours in this case, I made a good-faith effort to ensure that my recorded hours are not excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary. From pre-suit investigation in 2020 through September 10, 2024 (when I filed a notice of appearance), the only attorney time reflected in the fee chart is David Bouchard's. The chart excludes all associate time, even though a former Finch McCranie associate (who is a former federal law clerk) worked extensively on the case. Likewise, it excludes time my partners spent strategizing with me and David



Bouchard over this litigation on a litany of strategic issues relating to discovery, briefing, and trial. Inclusion of my time is not excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary because I served as trial co-counsel and performed a wide variety of essential and discrete tasks pre-trial to ensure we were ready and prepared to obtain a historic and precedent-setting verdict at trial in this novel and complex case.

20. Similarly, the hours recorded by Andersen, Tate, & Carr are not excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary. This litigation has been protracted, complex, and novel. It has raised a wide range of legal issues that are matters of first impression or early impression. Andersen, Tate, & Carr is one of the most experienced firms in the country in the litigation of civil trafficking cases under the TVPRA. I heavily relied on our co-counsel at Andersen, Tate, & Carr for strategic insights in preparing for trial. The time reflected in Andersen, Tate, & Carr's chart reflects the valuable and necessary contributions made to Plaintiff's representation in this case, and is not excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary.

**E. A \$900/hour rate for Partner-Level Attorney Time and \$250/hour rate for Paralegal-Level Time is Conservative and Reasonable**

21. Based on my education, training, and experience, a \$900 hourly rate for the work performed by me, David Bouchard, Pat McDonough, Jon Tonge, and Rory Weeks, is conservative and, thus, reasonable. Given the complexity of this action and the expertise and experience of myself and these lawyers, a \$900 hourly rate for partner-level attorney time and \$250 for paralegal time is no more than usual Atlanta

market rates.

22. This case is complex and precedent-setting. It was filed in 2020, before there was any Eleventh Circuit precedent on point. The first circuit court opinion in the country on the TVPRA in this context came in August 2017, with the First Circuit's *Ricchio v. McLean* decision. 853 F.3d 553 (1st Cir. 2017). That remained the only circuit opinion until the *Red Roof* decision in the Eleventh Circuit in 2021.

23. Nearly all the issues related to this litigation were theoretical when this case was filed and had to be established by Plaintiff's attorneys (including me). Many issues in this five-year litigation were issues of first (or early) impression, and involved arguments made from first principles or other related caselaw. For example, Plaintiff's attorneys established the arguments in the first instance that the TVPRA requires joint and several liability, that punitive damages are allowed under the TVPRA, that intervention in this case was inappropriate, that the insurance provisions at issue did not bar coverage, that Rule 412 excluded certain evidence in the sex trafficking context, and that the one-satisfaction rule did not bar recovery in this case, among other issues. The legal landscape changed after the filing of this case with the *Red Roof* decision in 2021. To make matters more complex, district court opinions in this district varied greatly on dispositive issues throughout the litigation, showing that district courts could read the same *Red Roof* decision and yet apply it differently

to similar facts. In short, the level of difficulty in litigating the issues in this case was extraordinarily high and the legal issues were fluid. And it is not done. Though Plaintiff's counsel has represented Plaintiff for six years and has litigated the case for five years (to date), the litigation is ongoing, and multiple appeals are pending.

**F. The Verdict—as Compared to the Pre-Trial Settlement Demands and Offers—Underscores the Quality of the Work Performed in this Historic Case**

24. The jury verdict for \$40,000,000 reflects the quality of legal work performed in this case. This is the first jury verdict in a civil case against a hotel under the Trafficking Victim Protection Reauthorization Act in the country—though hundreds of such cases have been filed across the country. It is also by far the largest sex trafficking result for any reported outcome—whether through settlement, mediation, or trial—in the country.

25. The final and largest pre-trial settlement offer in this case was \$500,000. The result reached here (80x greater than the best settlement offer) underscores the quality of the legal work of Plaintiff's team as compared to the Defendant's estimation of the case's anticipated outcome.

**G. The Expenses Recorded in Finch McCranie, LLP's Expenses Chart are Reasonable and Fair**

26. As a partner at Finch McCranie, I have personal knowledge of or am familiar with certain expenses my firm has advanced on behalf of Plaintiff.

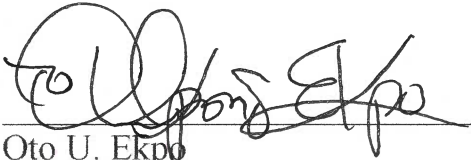
27. A true and correct copy of my firm's expense report is attached to the Attorney's Fees and Expenses Chart. Plaintiff, pursuant to the attorney-client agreement, owes all these expenses.

28. I have reviewed and familiarized myself with this report. The report contains a true and accurate reflection of the expenses Finch McCranie advanced on behalf of Plaintiff during the pendency of this action.

29. As confirmed by the Finch McCranie Expenses Chart, the expenses shown include, but are not limited to, expenses relating to expert witnesses, copying, postage, delivery, medical records, court reporters, mileage, travel, hotels, meals, professional attire purchases (for Plaintiff, a minor sex trafficking victim, to wear to Court), and eyewear (so Plaintiff could read evidence and see the trial proceedings clearly). The total amount of these expenses is reasonable for this type of complex action. Moreover, each individual expense itself is reasonable and was reasonably incurred to successfully represent the Plaintiff against Defendant.

***(SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGE)***

My testimony is true and correct and made under penalty of perjury, and I have executed this affidavit on September 15, 2025.

  
Oto U. Ekpo

This affidavit has been sworn to and subscribed before me on September 15, 2025.

  
Notary Public  
My Commission Expires:

